

NAME

Embody – Environment Modules Build system

SYNOPSIS

./EMBODY [options]

DESCRIPTION

Embody (Environment Modules Build) is a software build tool with integrated support for the environment-modules package. The tool eases and automates the task of building and installing software packages from source or binary distributions, as well as the management of associated modulefiles.

OPTIONS**Stage selection**

The following options select one or more so-called *staging functions*. Without an explicit selection, *all* staging functions (except *stage_clean*) are executed in order.

| | |
|--|--|
| -x, --excise | Remove the installed modulefile. |
| -u, --uninstall | Remove the installed package (implies --excise). |
| -d, --distclean | Perform distclean stage; default: <code>make distclean</code> or <code>setup.py clean</code> . |
| -p, --prep | Perform prep stage; default: <code>./configure</code> , NOP for <code>setup.py</code> . |
| -b, --build | Perform build stage; default: <code>make</code> or <code>setup.py build</code> . |
| -i, --install | Install; default: <code>make install</code> or <code>setup.py install</code> |
| -a, --aux | Install auxiliary files; no default. Experimental: Prior to the actual call to <i>stage_install_aux</i> , the current <i>EMBODY</i> script will be preserved in <code>\$prefix/</code> as <code>.EMBODY</code> , and the build directory will be symlinked as <code>.src</code> . |
| -m, --module | Install the modulefile. |
| -t, --test | Perform a test; default: <code>make check</code> or <code>make test</code> (depending on Makefile); <code>test.py</code> for python. Prior to running <i>stage_test</i> , the new modulefile will be loaded. |
| -c, --clean | Perform cleanup; default: <code>make clean</code> or <code>setup.py clean</code> . |
| -X, -U, -D, -P, -B, -I, -A, -M, -T --no-excise, --no-uninstall, ... | Perform all default stages <i>except</i> the given stage. |

Modulefile management

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| -e, --edit | Edit the modulefile. |
| -l, --list | List installed module versions and show the contents of <code>.version</code> , if it exists. Option -v gives more details. |
| -r, --remove | Remove the modulefile. |
| -s, --show | Construct and show the modulefile, but do not install. |

Control

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| -1, -2, -3, ... | (any numeric option) Limit a multi-build to just the corresponding line(s) from <code>\$BUILD_MULTI</code> (see MULTI-BUILDS below). |
| -n, --no-run | dry-run — do not actually run the staging functions. |
| -f, --force | Remove various safeguards and permit running as root. |

-w, --wipe Wipe embody log directories (all builds).

General options

-h, --help Show option summary.
-q, --quiet Suppress trace output (test output is still shown).
-v, --verbose Generate verbose output; may be repeated to get increased verbosity.
--version Print libembody version number.
--debug Generate debugging output.

Available options

EMBODY is normally a shell script and may process its own options. Any options not consumed will be interpreted by *libembody*. Without requiring the use of **--**, a few alphabet slots are available: **-j**, **-k**, **-o**, **-y**, **-z**. See <<http://www.faqs.org/docs/artu/ch10s05.html>> for customary meanings.

OPERATION

Embody consists of a library *libembody* and a user-defined package-specific *EMBODY* script, both written in *bash* (1).

Package placement

Empty deploys software in package-specific top-level directories, typically with subdirectories like *bin*, *lib*, *man*, as determined by the package's native install procedure. The name of the top-level directory is generated in a variable `$prefix`, which is constructed roughly as:

```
$PACKAGE_ROOT/$NAME-$VERSION-$BUILD
```

where the constituent variables are defined by the user in *EMBODY* and by site-defaults in *libembody*. A *modulefile* (5) is automatically created and placed in

```
$MODULE_ROOT/$NAME/$VERSION-$BUILD
```

If, during modulefile installation, a modulefile from a prior version exists in `$MODULE_ROOT/$NAME/`, a *.version* file is created if it does not already exist, so as to prevent premature use of the new build by user's shells. The site administrator must edit or remove this *.version* file (see "Modulefile management" options), preferably after users have been notified of the upgrade. The user must have write permission in `$PACKAGE_ROOT` and `$MODULE_ROOT`. With a proper setup, such as one employing group permissions, it should not be necessary to become root.

Staging Functions

Package deployment is done by a series of staging functions in *bash* (1) syntax. Default functions are pre-defined, and may be re-defined by the user in the *EMBODY* script. The predefined functions detect a couple of deployment styles and execute the canonical action as described above under **OPTIONS**. The recognized styles are, in this order:

- *rpmbuild* (8) from a *spec* file
- Python-style *setup.py*
- GNU-style *configure* + *make*

The functions and their correspondence to options are:

| ===== | |
|-------------------|--------|
| Function name | Option |
| ----- | |
| stage_excise | -x |
| stage_uninstall | -u |
| stage_distclean | -d |
| stage_prep | -p |
| stage_build | -b |
| stage_install | -i |
| stage_install_aux | -a |
| stage_module | -m |
| stage_test | -t |
| stage_clean | -c |
| embody_stages | |
| embody_wipe | -w |
| ===== | |

Unless any of the specific options are given to *EMBODY*, all staging functions above except *stage_clean* are run in sequence, as hardcoded in the *embody_stages* sequencing function.

A build-specific directory is created in the package source tree to hold log files and (eventually) a test directory:

```
embody-$VERSION-$BUILD/
```

The output of each individual stage is logged into:

```
embody-$VERSION-$BUILD/<stagename>.log
```

and the output of the whole *EMBODY* run is logged into:

```
embody-$VERSION-$BUILD/last.log
```

The EMBODY script

The user creates an *EMBODY* script in the package's unpacked distribution directory. The name can be anything, but *EMBODY* sorts before *README* or *INSTALL* and stands out. The script must do the following:

- set package-related variables (*NAME*, *VERSION*, *BUILD*)
- set variables for modulefile content (*MODULE_WHATIS*, *MODULE_HELP*, etc.)
- load the *embody* module and any modules that are prerequisite for the current package
- source the *embody* library
- (re-)define zero or more staging functions
- run the *embody_stages* sequencing function

Variables in the EMBODY script

The following variables are expected to be set in the *EMBODY* script:

* Package definition

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| NAME | Package name, without version and build tags. Acceptable characters are letters (possibly in mixed case), numerals, and dashes “-”. Underscore “_” is discouraged, and any other “funny” characters are disallowed. |
| VERSION | Package version [optional]. Should consist of numerals, dot “.”, and letters. |
| BUILD | Build tag [optional]; can be arbitrarily long. Acceptable characters as in <i>NAME</i> . |
| BUILD_MULTI | A multi-line build specification (see <i>MULTI-BUILDS</i> below). Ignored when <i>BUILD</i> is set. |

SPECFILE name of an *rpm*(8) specfile. The variables **NAME**, **VERSION**, **BUILD**, **MODULE_WHATIS**, and **MODULE_HELP** are set from contents of the spec file, but may be overridden.

*** Site defaults**

The following are normally predefined in the site's libembody file:

PACKAGE_ROOT base directory for packages

MODULE_ROOT base directory for modulefiles, default: **\$PACKAGE_ROOT/modulefiles**

*** Modulefile help items**

These following are converted to `proc ModulesHelp` and `module-whatIs`, respectively:

MODULE_WHATIS whatis string (should be one line) – required. If this value is missing, the modulefile creation will be skipped.

MODULE_HELP Help text, may be several lines.

*** Modulefile contents**

These are placed verbatim into the modulefile (leading spaces are stripped):

MODULE_DEP Zero or more `conflict foo` or `prereq foo`

MODULE_CORE The bulk part of the modulefile, `prepend PATH` *etc.*

MODULE_AUX Package-specific auxiliary definitions.

The staging functions have access to all of these variables.

Automatisms

1. **NAME** and **VERSION** are actually optional and are guessed from the package directory if it is named in the customary form *name-x.y.z*. Directories of the form *name-x[.y[.z]][-more]* are also recognized.
2. If **MODULE_CORE** is left empty, is is *guessed* based on the existence of subdirs found in **\$prefix/** after *stage_install*. A complete such guess is equivalent to the following:

```
MODULE_CORE="
    prepend-path    PATH            \${prefix}/bin
    prepend-path    MANPATH         \${prefix}/man
    prepend-path    MANPATH         \${prefix}/share/man
    prepend-path    PYTHON_PATH     \${prefix}/lib/python
    prepend-path    PYTHON_PATH     \${prefix}/lib64/python
    prepend-path    LD_LIBRARY_PATH \${prefix}/lib
    prepend-path    LD_LIBRARY_PATH \${prefix}/lib64
    prepend-path    INCLUDE         \${prefix}/include
"
```

3. For convenience, an environment variable **<NAME>_HOME** is automatically added:

```
setenv <NAME>_HOME $prefix
```

This is a customary installation requirement for many packages, and also gives users a uniform namespace to access the active package, e.g. **\$FOO_HOME/share/**. **<NAME>** is the uppercased value of **\$NAME**, with **-** replaced by **_**.

MULTI-BUILDS

A **BUILD_MULTI** variable specified in *EMBODY* results in several closely related builds. The format is multi-line (requiring enclosing single or double quotes), as follows:

```
# comment
buildtag1  var1=value var2=value ...
buildtag2  var1=value var2=value ...
...
```

Each line defines a value for BUILD and several associated variables. *EMBODY* will be called recursively once for each line. During each call BUILD will be set to its respective *buildtag* and all associated variables will have their respective values. Empty lines and ‘#’-style comments in BUILD_MULTI are ignored. Setting an explicit value for BUILD will *preempt* a multi-build.

VARIABLES

In addition to any variables defined in *./EMBODY*, the following variables are available to staging functions:

BUILD (during multi-builds)

Will be set to each *buildtag* in turn.

package_build = \$VERSION-\$BUILD

Unique identifier of the current build; automatically added to the modulefile as Tcl variable *version*.

package_name = \$NAME-\$package_build

Fully qualified package name.

prefix = \$PACKAGE_ROOT/\$package_name

Installation destination directory; automatically added to the modulefile as Tcl variable *prefix*.

embody_logdir = embody-\$package_build

Workdir for current build logs.

embody_testdir = test-embody-\$package_build

Name of a build-specific test directory.

This is intended to keep a native *test* directory pristine across subsequent builds, should the *make distclean* step be ignorant of it. The directory will be created cleanly for each build; it is up to the user to populate this directory in *stage_test*. After *stage_test*, the directory will be moved to \$embody_logdir/test. The directory is created initially in the toplevel source directory because some test procedures use relative paths in constructs like *-I../include*.

module_name = \$NAME/\$package_build

Full module name with version, refers to a file under \$MODULE_ROOT.

module_dir = \$MODULE_ROOT/\$NAME

Path to modulefile without version.

FILES

\$EMBODY_HOME/bin/libembody

The **Embody** library.

<package_name>/EMBODY

User-generated **Embody** script.

\$EMBODY_HOME/share/doc

Documentation and example files.

BUGS

Options must be given individually (cannot be clustered). This shouldn't hurt too much unless you're running *EMBODY* over and over.

Dry-run mode does not show actions inside staging functions.

SEE ALSO

module (1), *modulefile* (5), *bash* (1), *rpm* (8), *rpmbuild* (8)

<<http://trac.anl.gov/embody/>>

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